

THE BRYAN DAILY EAGLE.

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BRYAN, TEXAS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER, 5 1897.

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HEADQUARTERS

For Eatable Groceries.

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SEND ME YOUR ORDERS.

ED HALL, The Grocer.

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Chocolate Bonbons.

We make a Specialty of Lowney's Fine Chocolates.

To my Patrons and Friends...

Of Brazos, Madison, Grimes, Robertson and Burleson Counties: The combined capital and assets of companies represented by me amount to more than \$1,000,000,000. The capital and assets of companies represent writing GINS, amount to more than \$35,000,000. I confidently believe that I can serve you better and cheaper in any line of risks, be they city, town, country, or fire. I have an efficient office force, the affairs of which are under the management of FRANK W. McCONNICO. I respectfully solicit and will appreciate your business.

A. D. McConnico.

I also represent Equitable Life Ass'n of New York; Pacific Mutual Life; American Union Life; Fidelity and Casualty of New York, for which I am the only duly authorized agent in Bryan.

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Two Ladies. Must be good Talkers to solicit Fraternal Insurance amongst the ladies. Business learned in a few minutes. Wages and commission. Apply today at 11 a. m. R. D. JONES, "State Dep't Controller."

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The Finest Equipped Livery Stable in Bryan. I have an unequalled collection of the best Horses and Finest Vehicles, and will meet all Competitors in price.

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THE END SEEMS NEAR.

Miners Officials and Operators Come to an Agreement.

ACCEPTS SIXTY-FIVE CENTS

The Rate to Remain in Force Until Jan. 1—Rejection by the Miners Only Remains to Make It Effective—De Armit's Say.

Columbus, O., Sept. 4.—The end of the great miners' strike is in sight, for the national executive board of the United Mine workers agree to recommend to the miners a proposition from the Pittsburgh operators for a straight price of 65 cents a ton to continue in force until the end of the year. A delegate convention of all miners who have suspended work has been called to meet in Columbus on Sept. 5 to act upon the recommendation. President Hatchford and the other members of the board say that there is not the slightest doubt but that the miners will approve the recommendation. The proposition does not involve arbitration and in effect provides for an immediate settlement of the strike.

Mr. Hatchford says that there were special reasons for the board recommending the proposition. In the first place, it concedes the miners a material advance. Had a 65-cent rate been secured he was confident it could not have been maintained for more than 70 days. The proposition does away with all the uncertainties of arbitration and will be the means of bringing the strike to a speedy termination.

As soon as the miners ratify the proposition work will be resumed in all the mines. In the second place, the proposition provides for a revival of the joint conferences for the adjustment of prices. The operators are pledged to meet with the miners prior to the termination of the agreement and determine the rate of mining for next year.

All parties are pleased and feel that public sentiment will sustain their action.

The operators' committee yesterday renewed their first proposition for a 65-cent rate pending arbitration. This was again rejected by the miners' board. Then the operators' committee got together again and submitted a new proposition for a straight price of 65 cents and after a long discussion it was accepted by the miners' board, subject to the approval of the miners at large.

The following circular has been issued by the national executive board: To the miners who have suspended work in the different states:

You are hereby notified that a convention will be held at Columbus, O., at 10 o'clock, on Wednesday, Sept. 28, 1897.

Greeting:

At a conference held at Columbus, O., on Sept. 2 and 3, between the national executive board and district presidents of the United Mine Workers of America and a representative committee of the Pittsburgh operators, whom we consented to meet only after it became apparent that a national conference of operators and miners could not be convened.

The following was submitted by the representative of the Pittsburgh operators to the executive board and district president as a basis of a settlement to terminate the present strike:

1. The resumption of work at a 65c rate of mining. The submitting of the question to a board of arbitration to determine what the price shall be, the maximum to be 65c and the minimum to be 60c a ton, the price to be effective from date of resuming work.

2. A straight price of 65c a ton to continue in force until the end of the year with the additional mutual understanding that a joint meeting of operators and miners shall be held in December, 1897, for the purpose of determining what the rate of mining shall be thereafter.

Your executive board and district presidents, after much deliberation and a thorough consideration of the two propositions, do recommend the latter, as in their judgment the best that can be secured because of circumstances that are apparent to all who study market conditions since the inauguration of the strike.

You, however, are the court of final adjudication, and must decide for yourselves what your actions shall be and when work shall be resumed.

Additional reasons will be given and a full report made of the general situation at the convention. We will further advise that delegates come untrammelled and uninstructed other than to act for your best interests.

At this time it is deemed advisable for the reason that provisions are made in the uniformity agreement now pending in the Pittsburgh district and which it is expected will be operative in that district on and after January 1, 1898, to arbitrate the question of relative differentials. Between pick and machine mining, which will, we anticipate, do much towards furnishing us with more reliable data on that question than we possess at present and to that extent will be beneficial to us in settling questions as between machine and pick mining.

It was signed by Fred Diller, R. L. Davis, J. H. Kennedy, Henry Stevenson and Patrick Dolan as members of

the national executive board, and by E. W. Frame, W. G. Knight and Patrick Dolan as district presidents.

WILL NOT BE BENEFITED.

West Virginia Miners Have No Connection in the Columbus Agreement.

Wheeling, Sept. 4.—While the striking miners in West Virginia will have a voice in settling the coal strike, according to the call of the national board, there is but little consolation in it as they have no hope that any advance in wages will be secured in this state, or that any of them now out will even get jobs.

With the miners in Pennsylvania and Ohio working there are more men now employed in West Virginia than will be needed to supply the demand. In spite of this Fairmount and Kanawha strikers are keeping up the fight and gaining daily. Trouble is looked for with good reason about Clarkburg where the operators are making strenuous efforts to start their mines. The strikers are determined and show more inclination to use force to prevent resumption than has been seen anywhere else since the strike began.

Does Not Satisfy All.

Pittsburg, Sept. 4.—The striking miners camped at the De Armit mines do not look with favor upon the proposition to resume work at the rate of 65 cents per ton until the end of the year. Paul Trimmer, in command of Camp Determinate, said there was sure to be opposition to the proposed settlement when the convention meets at Columbus next week.

The strikers in the camp at Plum Creek made large efforts to start their De Armit's mines. Fifty men who came from Export, Pa., were interviewed while on their way to the pit and the result was they refused to go into the mines and most of them returned to their homes.

Colored Tragedy at Navasota.

Navasota, Tex., Sept. 4.—Will Price shot John Wood, better known as "Crackshot," over one of his eyes, the ball going clear through his head and coming out at the back, the brain oozing out of his ears and both bullet holes. "Crackshot" had been forbidden to come to a certain colored woman's house. Wednesday night he attempted to crawl into the window. The woman ran. Thursday night she got a pistol and had Will Price to come and use it. About 10 o'clock "Crackshot" attempted to break in the door. Price warned him that he would shoot. "Crackshot" said he was coming in and kill the whole business, when he was fired on by Price through the locked door. City Marshal Lowrie on arriving on the scene, found "Crackshot" under the house and pulled him out. Will Price was arrested. "Crackshot" may recover.

Mob Gathered to Lynch Him.

Nashville, Sept. 4.—Fred Moore, a negro assaulted Emma May Willie, a little white girl 5 years old in North Nashville yesterday afternoon. The negro was captured and is now in jail. A large crowd gathered in front of the jail and in the adjacent streets last night and much talk of attacking the jail and lynching the negro was heard. The police force was on guard at the jail and the reserves are held in readiness at the police station. Sheriff Sharpe also had a force of deputies on hand. The prisoner about midnight was quietly removed from the jail and is believed to be now in the penitentiary.

Struck a Banana Peeling.

Kaufman, Tex., Sept. 4.—A serious accident happened to Zack Boles at Scurry. Mr. Boles was a passenger on the southbound Midland train, and as he started to leave the train he stepped on a banana peeling, slipped and fell and broke his left leg just below the knee in a fearful manner, and received serious injuries to the back to such an extent that he is partially paralyzed. Physicians are of the opinion that the leg will have to be amputated. About a year ago he shot and broke the same leg and was just getting well.

Murder of Puckett.

Vicksburg, Miss., Sept. 4.—Stories are in circulation here which may, if true, throw a flood of light on the murder of John B. Puckett, the Ouchita parish planter who was found dead on a lonely suburban street here yesterday morning. According to the rumors, which are now confirmed by dispatches from his home, Mr. Puckett was accused of having effected the ruin of a young lady, who afterward committed suicide one day last week. Her friends sought vengeance upon him, hence his sudden departure.

Assaulted by a Negro.

New York, Sept. 4.—Mrs. William Whitman was brutally assaulted by a negro in a lonely street at the northwestern limit of Newark, N. J., Friday and was beaten until she was insensible. After a long time she regained consciousness and dragged herself to the nearest house. She was removed to her home and later her condition became critical and it is feared she will die. Hundreds of men are scouring the country in search of her assailant.

His Case Dismissed.

San Francisco, Sept. 4.—H. Russell Ward of Santa Monica, Cal., the Englishman whose sensational elopement with Mrs. John Bradbury of Los Angeles to this city July last resulted in their arrest for adultery, was discharged on Thursday, Aug. 26, and left here for New York on Monday. He went presumably to join his wife and family in England.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL.

Section Twenty-two Causing the Administration Some Trouble.

INTERPRETATION IN DOUBT.

The Attorney General Will Consult With the Entire Cabinet Before He Renders His Decision—Regarded as Very Important.

Washington, Sept. 4.—President McKinley and the entire membership of the cabinet will probably be consulted before Attorney General McKenna announces his opinion as to the construction to be placed on section 22 of the Dingley law imposing discriminating duties.

The attorney general had expected to announce his report this week, but now the understanding is that it is to be held back until next week and in the meantime the President will cut short his outing and return to Washington. It is probable that the question will be the subject of a general exchange of views at a meeting of the cabinet before the opinion is written. The question involved are so important that all the light possible is to be thrown on them before the administration is committed to a construction which might demoralize the entire foreign commerce of the country and which involves a matter of \$30,000,000 per year in customs revenue, according to the calculations of the officials of the treasury department.

This calculation is made on the basis of last year's imports and on the assumption that the imports under the discriminating duty would be practically the same in value and would come in ships of the same nationalities. British ships bringing goods from other countries than British territories, in Europe, would be the heaviest sufferers, and it is expected that one result of the imposition of this duty would be the transfer of many British ships to the flag of nations having more favorable treaties with the United States.

The general assumption is that on account of the imposition of these duties on goods coming into the United States through a contiguous country, the transcontinental roads of the United States would be benefited at the expense of the Canadian Pacific road, but when it is taken into consideration that the steamship connections of most of these roads would be unfavorably affected, it appears that about the only road which would gain any decided advantage would be the Southern Pacific, which, having connection with the American line of steamships from San Francisco, would have the advantage of discrimination in favor of its steamship connection, as well as against its Canadian rival.

About the only cities that would gain any decided advantage would be Halifax and St. John, as the effect of the discriminating duty on goods brought into the United States over the Canadian Pacific would tend to break up the transit of such goods through New England to the seaboard, and divert this traffic to those parts in British territories.

HOPES TO RETALIATE.

President of Argentina Against Our New Tariff Measures.

New York, Sept. 4.—A special to the Herald from Buenos Ayres, Argentina, says:

The president has sent a message to congress in which he advocates, as a measure of retaliation against the United States, increased duties on articles imported in large quantities from that country.

In the message the president specifies particularly the articles on which the duties should be largely increased, which includes petroleum, timber, plows, plowshares and all agricultural implements and machinery, which are imported largely from the United States. Higher duties, the president explains, should be imposed because of the recent difficulties which the Argentine has thrown in the way of exporting from this country to the United States.

The president contends that the policy of Argentina towards all countries which export to Argentina, has always been fair and just, as proven when the Wilson law in the United States accorded great liberality to Argentine wool. In return this country made sweeping reductions on timber and petroleum imported from the United States.

The proposed increase in duties advocated by the president will amount to about \$100,000 in gold. The president hopes that the special conventions can be negotiated with the United States and other countries providing for greater liberality to Argentine products before it will be necessary to enforce the increased duties if they should become law.

The scheme on which the special conventions, proposed by the president, will be based is as follows: First, a maximum tariff. This will be an increase in duties of 60 per cent, as will be applied to those countries which levy high duties on imports from Argentina. A minimum tariff will provide for the importation of foreign products. Another tariff will provide for a big reduction in duties on imports from those countries offering similar reductions to Argentine's products—in other words, a reciprocal tariff.

Two of the Crew Lost.

Glocester, Sept. 4.—A telegram received here from Captain Olsen, of the schooner R. P. Willard, now on a ball-trip to Brazil bank, announcing the loss of John Nelson and Charles Remmo, two of the crew.

I TOLD YOU SO!

To-day's Offerings are:

Choice Apples, per bucket, 35
California Irish Potatoes, 25

California Evaporated Unpeeled Peaches;
California Evaporated Royal Apricots;
California Evaporated White Nectarines;
Fresh Full cream Cheese;
Mixed Pickles in kegs and glass of all sizes, new crop.

Stuffed Mangoes;
Fresh crackers in cartoons and tins;
Cabbage, Onions, Mackerel, Fresh Grits and Oatmeal;

Vienna Sausage in tins;
Try a piece of "Foster Strip" Bacon; it's excellent.

Yours Truly

JOHN B. MIKE,
The ORIGINAL Cutter.

W. T. JAMES'

* Livery Stable *

Is now in better condition than ever before, and will meet all competition in prices, and give as good service as can be obtained elsewhere.

New Buggies, Fine Double or Single drivers.

Prompt attention to Business, Day or Night. Hearse and Carriage for Funerals. Complete Undertaking Establishment open Day and Night. Telephone 112.

The GLOBE SALOON

Is the favorite resort of all those who like a good drink skillfully mixed and tastefully served. We handle only the best brands of

WINE, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

The popularity of our place is due to our untiring efforts to please. We welcome everybody, and treat all alike at the Globe Saloon.

TAYLOR & COX, Proprietors.

PURITY.

Pure Food produces Pure Blood; pure blood makes Health, health makes Happiness. WE SELL PURE FOOD PRODUCTS. Our Combination of Trade Winners:—

BEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES, FAIR DEALING.

Our Stock is Clean, Fresh and Complete in every department. We will appreciate your Patronage and save you money if you will give us your trade.

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Butchers and Meat Dealers.

We Buy Hides,

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You Want the Best
Any Whisky is Whisky. True; so any tea is tea. So any flour is flour, but grades differ. You want the best. If you understood Whisky as well as you do tea and flour, it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?
When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you do not know, you pick out an old established house to trade with and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying whisky.

DUNN & DALY have been in the Whisky business for years and handle the PUREST WHISKIES. Try them.

DUNN & DALY.

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Our Plant has been enlarged and Refitted Throughout with New Machinery.

We have doubled our Lighting Capacity, and are now prepared to sell

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Wash Sinks, Garden Hose, Hose Reels, Etc.

We have in our employ practical Workmen, and can furnish estimates when desired.

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